HEATTREATMENT

HEAT TREATMENT OF BROOD FRAMES AN EFFECTIVE PHYSICAL METHOD

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- * Heat treatment of sealed brood provides an effective control of the varroa mite
- *The varroa mite is more sensitive than bee brood to temperatures that lie above the normal brood temperature
- * Heat treatment can be carried out in various types of thermostatically controlled boxes
- * Only frames without dead brood should be treated
- * Below the Borgstadter -Thermo- Box and Apitherm boxes are described.

BORGSTADTER - THERMO - BOX

- * One can heat treat 16 -17 day old brood frames from queen caged frames (see previous article
- * Treatment lasts for four hours at 44°C
- * Few brood injuries some shortening of the bees life

APITHERM BOX

- * Varroa can be treated exclusively with this apparatus
- * treatment can be carried out at any time on sealed brood, irrespective of the honey flow, e.g. at the end of May or June
- * One makes a decision about how many treatments are required from the results of monitoring surveys.
- * One treats brood frames where at least 75% of the cells are sealed. The open brood dies.
- * Up to 18 frames can be treated at any one time
- * The treatment is carried out for three hours, under which the temperature gradually rises to just under 44° C.
- * The bees develop normally and their lifespan is not shortened.
- * An Apitherm box, for which the electricity in generated by solar cells, is under development in Germany.

THE EFFECT

- $\ensuremath{^*}$ Borgstadter-Thermo- Box: 100% mite mortality immediately
- * Apitherm Box: varroa females and nymphs are injured under treatment. The main part die within 24 hours. Those that survive lose their ability to procreate.

